### ann craft trust

acting against abuse

safeguarding adults

# Safeguarding in faith groups session



### Introductions

## Laura and Roisin





## **Revd Dr Tom Wilson**





# The Project







# The project

- Why it was needed
- Content -basic safeguarding adults' awareness
- Case study explorations
- Focus on the importance of safe cultures
- Governance recommendations



























# The impact

- Interesting discussions of how safeguarding issues may arise in their settings
- Varying levels of knowledge
- Better understanding of safeguarding children
- Some policies in place
- Willingness to explore and learn
- Cultural considerations







## **Activity time!**

 How do community groups in general contribute to wellbeing and safeguarding?



- Ahmed lives alone and has mild learning disabilities; he struggles with social interaction and making friends and is quite isolated as a result.
- How can attending a faith setting benefit Ahmed?
- What does the faith setting need to have in place to support Ahmed?



## **Revd Dr Tom Wilson**













You can lead a horse to water...

Cultural change is slow – but real



#### Learning from the past



Abuse and risk are not always recognised.



The huge and ongoing impact of abuse on those who have been harmed.



Abuse in church is a devastating breach of trust.



Further development of listening skills needed.



People in the church are still not responding well to serious situations.



Respectful uncertainty is difficult to put into practise.



Record keeping is still not **consistent** enough.



It remains hard to respond well to difficult safeguarding situations.



Effective working with other agencies still requires development.



the significance of safeguarding concerns.





#### Analysis of Focus Groups Key Points

Spiritual abuse as "divinified control."



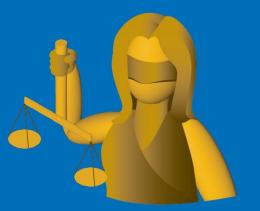
The question of agency, responsibility to report spiritual abuse, and the empowerment of those who experience abuse.



Creative education methods would have a greater impact.

There is a degree of subjectivity to defining individual experience.





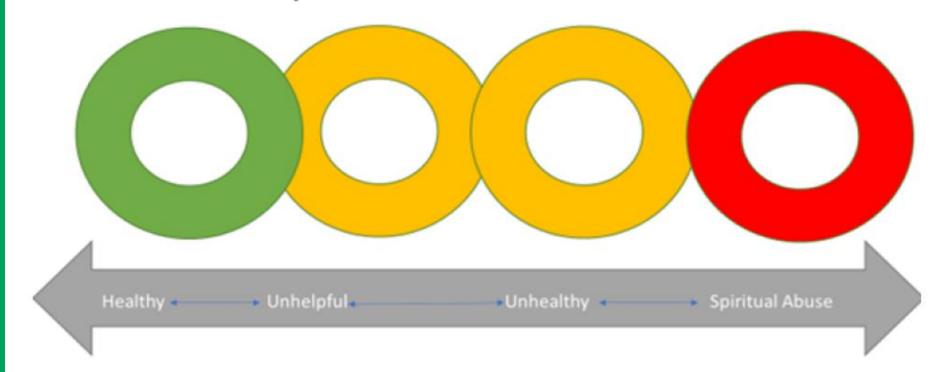




# **Activity**

#### What goes where?

## A spectrum of behaviour



- 1. Publicly rebuking an adult who hasn't memorised a scripture verse.
  - 2. Giving sweets to a child who has memorised scripture.
  - 3. Telling a teenager that they can only be friends with people of their religion and gender.
- 4. Telling a twelve-year-old off for using WhatsApp during a service.
- 5. Expecting a mentee to report what films they're watching.
- 6. Publicly praising a generous donor.
- 7. Admitting personal struggles with anger management in a sermon.
- 8. Publicly sharing someone's personal medical details so people know how to pray for them.
- 9. Putting photos of people taken during a service on your personal social media account.
- 10. Buying copies of a book on spiritual disciplines and giving them to people who you think would benefit from reading it.

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# What are the benefits of effective safeguarding procedures and cultures in all community groups?

- Reputational integrity
- Trust in your organisation
- People will feel safe
- People will feel valued and respected
- Everyone has a duty of care
- Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility
- Everyone has a role to play in keeping each other safe





### **Further resources**

4.2 Spiritual Abuse | The Church of England

<u>St Phillip's Centre - Living Well Together - Leicester</u>

Safeguarding in faith communities | NSPCC Learning

<u>Safeguarding people in faith communities - SCIE</u>



## Safeguarding is Everyone's Business

St Philip's Centre
living well together

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